-IN-BLACK CHEVIOTS,

BLACK CORKSCREWS, WIDE WALES, CLAY WORSTEDS, ETC.

\$6, \$8 and \$10 SUITS

Of excellent quality, and which cannot be duplicated in price in this city.

ALSO CONFIRMATION HATS:

Soft Crushes and Stiff Hats. Choice Styles at low prices.

Hat Department 16 S. Meridian St.

Threatening weather and rain to-day; colder to-night.

SEASONABLE HABILIMENTS NOW ARE

It is unnecessary to go into details respecting our assortment of these garments for we have them in all the new and desirable patterns, in all correct shapes, and in all grades. For instance, A Dark Brown Silk-Lined, Silk-Faced Melton

or A Light Gray Silk-Lined, Silk-Faced English Overcoating

FOR \$15.00

Have you seen them?

BLOCKED THEIR GAME. MURPHY, HIBBEN Two Friends of Lavelle Found Guilty of Attempt to Meddle with the Venire.

IMPORTERS. JOBBERS. Dry Goods, Notions, Woolens, Linens, Etc. PRINTED WASH GOODS.

We have now on sale a large collection of the leading representative manufactures noted herewith, all of which we control in this market. Wm. Simpson & Sons' "BRANDENBURG CLOTH." Arnold Manufacturing Co.'s "SHANTONG PONGEES."

Cocheco Company's "ARLESIAN BEDFORD CORDS." Pacific Mills "CHEVRON CLOTHS." Berlin "CANTON CLOTH."

Stocks Complete in All Departments. Lowest Prices Always a Certainty.

BOSTON RUBBER SHOE CO.'S GOODS FOR SEASON 1892-93 At 50 per cent. off on Bostons : : : At 50 and 10 per cent. off on Bay States , Delivery made after March 31. Prices guaranteed.

M'KEE & CO., Wholesale Boots Shoes and Rubbers 98 and 95 South Meridian St.

Ask your grocer for

Princess Flour,

BURGLAR STRANGLED.

He Slipped from a Ladder and His Head Caught

Between Two Steps of a Cellar Stairway.

STEUBENVILLE, O., March 29.-Workmen

cleaning out a cellar in the Manly build-

ing at day break this morning were horri-

fied to come across the badly decomposed

body of a man. A lantern was brought, and

revealed the fact that the man was hang-

ing by his neck between the second and

third steps. In his right hand was grasped

a screw-driver, while his left held a large

grain-sack. Near his side was a ladder

leading to the trap-door which opened into

the store above. The body was brought

to light and identified as that of Henry

King, an ex-saloon-keeper, and a painter

by trade. The store over the cellar was lately occupied by Thomas Odburt, who

made an assignment Feb. 20. It is conjectured that King had forced his way

into the cellar through the front entrance

to rob the store. He was last seen on

Washington's birthday, when he was drinking heavily, and it is thought on that night he made an attempt at burglary

and slipped off the ladder in his intoxi-

cated condition and slowly strangled to

death. He was formerly well to do, his

parents being wealthy residents of Cin-

cinnati, but his wife left him, since which

SHOOK HANDS, THEN FIRED.

A Fort Wayne Citizen Attempts to Murder a

Relative Who Hypnotized Him.

CLEVELAND, O., March 29 .- Frank E.

Draeger arrived from Fort Wayne last

H. O. Fick, on Jennings avenue, and, after

shaking hands with her, deliberately fired

four bullets into her body. The woman

will die. She is related to Draeger by mar-

riage. The murderer says she has hypnot-

1zed him during the past five years, and

he came here for the the express purpose of relieving himself from the spell. He is in

the custody of the police. Information

from Fort Wayne, the home of Draeger, is that he has acted peculiarly for some time, and is probably insane. He insists that

Mrs. Fitch, who is distantly related to him, hypnotized him, and gives that as the all-

sufficient reason for his murderous attempt.

PROBABLY HYPNOTIZED HIM.

A Wealthy Capitalist Who Could Not Refuse

a Widow Any Sum She Asked.

HARTFORD, Conn., March 29 .- In the Su-

perior Court, this morning, the case of

Ross vs. Bester was called for trial. This

is one of the most peculiar cases ever set

down for trial in a court of justice. The

parties to this suit are William H. Ross, an

elderly capitalist, of Brooklyn, N. Y., and

Mrs. Ursula L. Webster, of this city, a

well-known magnetic physician. The suit

is to recover \$6,000, money advanced to Mrs. Webster by the plaintiff. It is alleged that the defendant possessed some

marvelous power over the plaintiff. He is

said to be a man perfectly able to do busi-

ness for himself, yet he yielded to the psychometric widow, and no amount of

money was refused her. Mrs. Webster's

counsel asked postponement for three

\$300,000 Worth of Forged Paper.

in charge of the business affairs of Mr.

John Huntington are still searching for

Carey & Co., of New York, bearing his

forged indorsement, and though they have located a great deal of it, and warned the

holders, they decline to reveal how much

of it there is. An estimate from a reliable

source places it at over \$300,000. A. C.

Hord, Mr. Huntington's son-in-law, left

last night for New York, to confer with

David R. Paige, of Paige, Carey & Co., and

it is possible that both of them will go to Carlsbad, Germany, where Mr. Huntington

Bad Case of Hiceoughs.

WOOSTER, O., March 29.-The doctors

here have a case with which they can do

nothing. William Gray, a horse-buyer, of Buffalo, N. Y., came here last week and put up at the Archer Hotel. Friday evening he

was taken with a severe attack of biccoughs,

which have continued without abatement

ever since. Several of the best physicians

in the city have been called in but so far

their efforts have proved ineffectual. The

comes soon the result will be serious.

Via the Pennsylvania line from Indianapolis.

patient is now very weak and unless relief

\$3.65-To Chicago-\$3.65

CLEVELAND, O., March 29,-The trustees

weeks. It was granted,

is seeking health.

Mrs. Fitch has a bare chance to live.

time he has gone to the dogs.

Made by Blanton, Watson & Co.

Chicago & St. Louis. BIG 1.

For information as to the exact points, time and other particulars, call at "Big 4" offices: No. 1 East Washington street, No. 35 Jacks in Place, Massa-SCHEDULE, Nov. 15, 1891.

Arr. from West. AM AM AM PM PM 10.45 *3.35 6.21 *2.50 ecria Div 10.35 *3.40 6.50 2.50 t. Louis Div 10.30 *3.45 6.20 *2.55 | LEAVE FOR- | AM | AM | PM | PM | PM | Cleveland and East... | 9.25 | | *4.00 | *7.00 | *3.20 | Muncie and Beliefon'e | ... | *6.00 | *6.00 | ... | 3.05 | Col. & Dayt'n via Union | 9.25 | ... | *4.00 | ... | 3.05 | ... | 3.20 | WEST BOUND. | 3 | 5 | 7 | 9 | 17

*Indicates daily.
ADDITIONAL TRAINS. Leave for Anderson and Muncie at 1:00 p. m.
Arrive from Anderson at 10:30 a.m. and 2:40 p. m.
Arrive from Cincinnati at 10:30 a.m.
Nos. 12, 18, 5, 7 and 17 are fast vestibuled trains,
with Wagner Sleepers, Buffet, Cafe and Dining cars
to and from Cincinnati, Chicago, St. Louis, Cleveland, Buffalo, New York, Albany and Boston. The

> *3.45 a. m. 10.57 a. m. *2.56 p. m. '4.25 p. m.

t6.20 p. m. IS TIME TRAINS LEAVE

INDIANAPOLIS | night, and at noon to-day called on Mrs.

CINCINNAT

C., H. & D

Making close connection at Cincinnati in same de-pot without transfer, for all POINTS EAST AND SOUTH

H. J. BHEIN, General Agent.

PITCH GAS TAR PITCH

FOR SALE

INDIANA POLIS GAS.

49 South Pennsylvania St.

It's the Best, Because:

- 1. It is made of the choicest flour. 2. It is made with every regard to
- 3. It is baked in the patent lowcrowned oven, which
- 4. Retains in baking all the fine flavor in the loaf and
- 5. Gives a soft, rich crust that can be produced by no other process. These remarks are concerning the lowcrowned-oven Vienna bread of Parrott & Taggart. Sold by all grocers. Also
- 86° FOR WAGON WHEAT ACME MILLS, West Washington St.

P. & T.'s butter erackers.

Daviess county jail, is now within the confines of the prison of his creation, a common felon. Zinkins and Grandison Cosby offered to fix up the juries in the suit against John W. Groeter for damages and that for libel against Royal E. Purcell, brought here from Knox county last week. They approached the attorneys for the defendants in both cases and promised to give a verdict to them, bidding for \$300. The attorneys "squealed" and an informa-tion charging contempt of court was filed Saturday and the derendants ordered to appear to-day. They claim that they were not intending to corrupt the jury, but dewhen arraigned this afternoon, Judge Hefron said the answer was by no means

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

WASHINGTON, Ind., March 29.-Ex-Com-

missioner Francis Zinkins, who built the

satisfactory. He then sentenced them to the county jail for two months each and also imposed a fine of \$300. Cosby is a member of a prominent family. but the public has seen considerable of him of late, being charged with murder and arson and escaping by the skin of his teeth in each case. Zinkins owns six hundred acres of the best land in the county, and is one of the most prominent Democrats. His complicity in this case is a great surprise, and it was with much hesitation that he entered the jail at the officer's bidding. It is believed that the jury-fixing plan will be pursued in the Lavelle and Haines arson case at Petersburg, to be called next week. Judge Hefron's sentence may serve as a warning. Lavelle has been relying on Cosby to help him out in his case, but this sentence blockades this part of the game. Cosby had made several trips to Pike county, and it is thought his motive was to fix the jury in the coming celebrated courthouse conspiracy case.

HIS ROYAL HIGHNESS IN IT.

The Prince of Wales Will Put Money in an American Oil Pipe-Line.

PITTSBURG, March 29 .- Another pipe-line from the western Pennsylvania oil field to the seaboard is contemplated. The new line, according to reports, is to be built with English capital and its promoters are English aristocrats. It is said that even English royalty has a hand in the enterprise and will own a big block of the stock. The member of the royal family of England who will figure conspicuously in the commonplace business of piping oil is his Royal Highness, Albert Edward, Prince of Wales and the future King of England. Closely associated with the Prince will be Mr. Wilson, of Tranbycroft, who will also invest extensively in the line. Besides these illustrious gentlemen, English capitalists are interested in the venture and will back it with English capital. The capital stock is to be £2,000,000. A charter has already been taken out in the State of New Jersey by Mr. Wilson, and the line is to be called "The English Pipe-line Company." The agents of the company are now out along the route endeavoring to secure the right of way. The proposed line parallels the new Crescent line throughout, from western Pennsylvania to its terminal, near the city of Philadelphia. Branch lines will be built into the Ohio field. The oil is to be loaded upon tank steamers and carried to England. where the crude article is to be refined The contract for the steamers has already been let and are to be completed by the time the pipe-line is finished. The refineries may be easily accessible to the steamers.

TRIED TO QUIT CHEWING

And Took the Keely Cure, but Dropped Dead After Two Weeks' Treatment.

Erectal to the Indianapolis Journal. OMAHA, Neb., March 29 .- William Zell, a well-known carpenter, two weeks ago decided to quit chewing tobacco, and with that end in view began taking the Keely tobacco cure. He never drank or smoked, but chowed only. He was a healthy man and no one thought such treatment would injure him. He quit work an hour earlier to-night and went home, dropping dead just as he entered the door. The physicians who were summoned pronounced his death due to the medicine he had been taking. Upon being notified the coroner ordered a post-mortem, and intends to thoroughly in-

vestigate the treatment and its effect. It Was an Alabama "Fake." BIRMINGHAM, Ala., March 29.—The story sent out from here of an alleged battle between police and train robbers at Boyles, at 2 o'clock this morning, is a fake. An at-tempt was made at Boyles Sunday night to wreck a train, as already reported. A watchman who was put on duty there last night reported seeing some suspicious characters near by. Three parties of police were sent from here after midnight, but they failed to find any robbers and fired off fifty shots "for fun." The trail of the rob-bers was found to-day and is being fol-lowed. The gang, it develops now, is composed of two men and one woman, who have gone over Red mountain, and who are

well mounted and heavily armed. Rabies in His System Twelve Years. NEWPORT, Ark., March 20.-Twelve years ago Captain B. B. Connor, of Woodruft county, was bitten on the wrist by a dog afflicted with the rabies. The wound was slight and healed up in a few days. That was the last of it until last Thursday, when acute pain showed itself in the thumb of the hand. He complained soon after of a burning thirst and requested his daughter to bring him a drink of fresh water. The sight of the water threw him into violent convulsions, nor could be bear the sight of any liquid until death put an end to his

sufferings. Four Lives for One. COLUMBIA, S. C., March 29 .- On Friday, May 20, three men and one woman, Elisha Young, Holman Noble, Affred Crosby and Martha Young, will be hanged in the jailyard at Chester for murder. They are all | Russia after said treaty? young and fairly intelligent-looking negroes, and they received their sentence yes-

WAR SHIPS NOT NEEDED NOW

The Behring Sea Arbitration Treaty Unanimously Ratified by the Senate.

three-mile limit?

protection and preservation of the fur seal in Behring sea the arbitrators shall then

ernment for damages is to be subject to further negotiation, although the arbi-trators may decide on questions of fact in-

The treaty also provides for the appointment of two commissioners by each of the

Britain's Proposal Will Be Accepted.

full attendance of members at the regular

meeting of the Cabinet to-day. The ses-

sion was mainly devoted to consideration

of the character of the response to be made

to Lord Salisbury's latest propositions for

a suspension of pelagic sealing in Behring

to be left to the determination of the arbi-

trators. It is expected that the President

will communicate his views on the subject

BRITISH "GALL."

Despite Salisbury's Back-Down a Diplomatic

LONDON, March 29 .- Although the For-

eign Office does not confirm the statement,

it is reported from a high source that Lord

Salisbury has received a cable dispatch

from Sir Julian Pauncefote, the British

minister at Washington, announcing that

the United States had agreed to the

proposal concerning the Behring sea matter

contained in Lord Salisbury's dispatch of

March 26. The result of the negotiations

is taken here to be a pronounced triumph

for English diplomacy. The charges that

the position of the United States was en-

tirely due to political considerations are

renewed with added arguments. The St.

James Gazette voices these criticisms this

afternoon, saying that President Harrison

thinks he has done enough for election pur-

poses, and, having ridden his high horse,

he will now descend with dignity and affa-

ish government. The attitude of Great Britain was only made difficult by untena-

ble demands, as the course of events would

have been much more summary on our

part if it had not been that a serious quar-rel between Great Britain and the United

States is beyond contemplation on such a

In the House of Commons, to-day, Mr. Edward Gouriey asked whether the gov-

ernment, before refusing the request of the United States for a renewal of the modus vivendi, had under consideration the dispatch of Sir Baden Powell, the British

commissioner, stating that a renewal of the

prohibition against indiscriminate sealing

and limiting the catch to 7,500 yearly

would be beneficial, and if so, why the policy thus indicated had not been followed.

Mr. James W. Lowther, Parliamentary

Secretary of the Foreign Office, replied

that it was incorrect to say that the gov-

taking of a year's limited crop could not

injure the seal herd, but that the renewal

subjects engaged in the sealing industry.

Mr. Lowther's statement was greeted with

The Admiralty to-day notified the Canadian Pacific railroad of their in-

three officers, in the middle of May.

from Halifax to Vancouver. Her Majesty's ships Daphne and Nymph, and

the flag-ship Warspite are to be commis-

mer. Previously all the cruisers and

China station to be recommissioned.

This action of the Admiralty at the present

moment will probably arouse a misconcep-

tion unless it is clearly stated that this

course was decided upon before the Behring

NORTH INDIANA CONFERENCE.

Big Gathering of Methodists to Be Entertained

at Anderson-Applicants.

ANDERSON, Ind., March 29 .- All arrange-

ments have been made and to-morrow

morning the forty-ninth annual session of

the North Indians Conference of the Meth-

edist Church will meet in this city. The

church property has been thoroughly over-

hauled, until it is now the finest

auditorium in the city. A new pipe-

organ worth \$3,000 has just been put in.

The conference will be the most important

session held in recent years, as delegates

will be elected to attend the national as-

sembly, which meets at Omaha the 1st of

May. Fort Wayne, Warsaw, Goshen, Ko-komo, Muncie and Richmond compose the

districts of this conference. There

delegates, over six hundred members.

There will be over two hundred appointments. Bishop J. N. Fitzgerald, D. D., will preside. The cabinet holds its

first session to-night, and will begin the

distribution of ministers. The indications

now point to a general change all through

the district. There are hundreds of visit-

ors in the city, many of whom are here in the interest of various churches in search

of pastors who will be acceptable. The

following applicants were examined to-day

series of revival meetings during the week.

for admission into the conference:

be, in ministers and lay

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

sea dispute.

were transferred .to

tention to send 203 seamen

Victory Is Claimed for Him.

to Sir Julian Pauncefote in a few days.

WASHINGTON, March 29 .- There was a

(Feb. 29) or earlier if possible.

Two Slight Changes Made with the Consent of the British Government-Provisions of the Convention as Finally Adopted.

Salisbury's Proposition for a Renewal of the Modus Vivendi to Be Accepted.

An Amendment Limiting Damages Likely to Be Requested by the President, Who Will Answer His Lordship in a Few Days.

BEHRING SEA TREATY RATIFIED.

The Senate Unanimous in Its Favor-Points to Be Considered by the Arbitrators. Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

WASHINGTON, March 29,-The treaty or convention providing for arbitration in the settlement of the differences between Great Britain and the United States over the inrisdiction of Behring sea was ratified by the Senate this afternoon by a unanimous vote. The secret session which resulted in the ratification lasted two hours-from 2 to 4 o'clock-and was of the same conservative character that marked yesterday's secret session. Its details are of little interest in view of the ratification.

An unusually large number of Senators answered to their names, the number being seventy-two when the vote on the treaty was taken. There was some general discussion concerning the perfection of the treaty, and Mr. Sperman announced that the propositions made by some Senators at previous sessions that the arbitration proceedings should be conducted in English had met with a favorable response frem Lord Salisbury. The treaty does not stipulate the language in which the proceedings shall be conducted. Mr. Sherman said that the suggestion that they be conducted in English had been communicated to Sir Julian Pauncefote, the British minister, who replied that he had no objection, but preferred to communicate with his own government before agreeing to it. This he did, and Lord Salisbury approved. After Mr. Sherman made this statement the treaty was amended so that English should be the language used in conducting the

There was also some discussion over Article XI of the treaty, which provides that "the decision of the tribunal shall, if possible, be made within three months from the close of the argument on both sides." Several Senators thought the time allowed the arbitrators for decision should be longer, and as there was no objection to this the time was extended to four months. This was also done with the consent of Lord Salisbury,

THE VOTE ON THE TREATY. After a discussion over these points and some others of minor importance, the treaty was ratified without further change and without the passing of any resolution (by a yea and nay vote), and resolutions informing the President of its ratification, and removing the injunction of secrecy from the vote, were adopted. The Senators who were present and voted for the rati-fication of the treaty were: Messrs. Allen, Allison, Barbour, Bate, Berry, Black-burn, Butler, Call, Cameron, Carey, Carlisle, Chandler, Cockrell, Coke, Cul-lom, Daniel, Dawes, Dixon, Dolph, Dubois, Felton, Frye, Gallinger, George, Gibson of Louisiana, Gibson of Maryland, Gordon, Gorman, Gray, Hale, Hansbrough, Hawley, Higgins, Hiscock, Hoar, Kenna, Kyle, Mc-Millan, McPherson, Mitchell, Morgan, Pad-dock, Palmer, Pasco, Peffer, Perkins, Pet-tigrew, Platt, Power, Proctor, Pugh, Quay, Ransom, Sanders, Sawyer, Sherman, Shoup, Squire, Stewart, Stockbridge, Teller, Tur-pie, Vance, Vest, Vilas, Voorhees, Walthall, Warren, Washburne, White, Wilson and Wolcott, a total of seventy-two. The Senators not present were: Mesers. Aldrich, Blodgett, Brice, Casey, Chilton, Colquitt, Davis, Faulkner, Harris, Hill, Irby, Jones

of Arkansas, Jones of Nevada, Manderson, Morrill, Stanford, sixteen in all. There was an air of relief about the Senators as they emerged from the chamber where they have been sitting behind closed doors for so many hours during the past two weeks. All of them were glad the troublesome treaty had been disposed of at last. Senator Cullom admitted that he had originally felt that it should not be ratified, as it looked like a surrender of our had concluded that it was the best that could be done at this time, and he beheved that its ratification marked a distinct advance in civilization. Such disputes as these, he said, would not very many years ago have caused nations to fly at each other's throats and cost many lives. He saw no reason why, if we had a just claim, we should fear to submit it to the decision of arbitrators. He also bethe treaty would be larger than was com-monly supposed, for he thought it would lead to a final settlement of the long-standing difficulties which have arisen from the conflicting claims of the United States and

Canadian fishermen on the Atlantic coast. PROVISIONS OF THE TREATY. The Behring sea arbitration treaty or convention was signed in Washington on Feb. 29, last, by James G. Blaine on the part of the United States and Julian Pauncefote on the part of Great Britain. It was sent to the Senate in confidence on the 8th inst. The treaty provides that the Behring sea controversy shall be submitted to a tribunal of arbitration to be composed of seven arbitrators, the President of the United States and her Britannic Majesty to name two each and the President of France, the King of Italy and the King of Sweden and Norway to name one each. The arbitrators are to be distinguished jurists in their respective countries, and the treaty provides that they shall meet in Paris within twenty days after the delivery of the counter case or what might be called evidence in rebuttal. The printed case of the two parties, accompanied by documents, official correspondence and other evidence is to be delivered in duplicate to each arbitrator and to the agents of each high contracting party, as soon as possible after the appointment of the tribunal, but within a period not exceeding three months from the exchange of the ratification of the treaty. Within the next three months, unless more time 18 required, the counter cases are to be delivered.

The arbitrators are commissioned to "proceed impartially and carefully to examine and decide the questions that have been or shall be laid before them." All questions considered by the tribunal, including the final decision, are to be determined by a majority of the arbitrators. Five questions are to be submitted to the arbitrators. These are: First-What exclusive jurisdiction in the sea now known as the Behring sea and what exclusive rights in the seal fisheries

therein did Russia assert and exercise prior and up to the time of the cession of Sulphur Mine Workmen Suffocated, Alaska to the United States? LAKE CHARLES, La., March 29.-Mike Fitzgerald, James Edwards, James Hagen, Second-How far were these claims of jurisdiction as to the seal fisheries recognized and conceded by Great Britain?
Third—Was the body of water now Pless Hawley and Charles Mourfort, workmen at the Sulphur mines, ten miles west of here, were suffocated by gas this mornknown as the Behring sea included in the ing. They went to the bottom of an unphrase "Pacific ocean," as used in the treaty of 1825 between Great Britain and Russia, used well for the purpose of taking out some pipe, and as soon as the plugs were and what rights, if any, in the Behring sea, were held and exclusively exercised by taken out the gas overcame them. Fourth-Did not all the rights of Russia

Villainous Work of Prairie Pirates. CHEYENNE, Wyo., March 29. - Word as to jurisdiction and as to the seal fisheterday with every appearance of indifference. They murdered Alfred McAliley a
year ago, beating him to death with stones.

They murdered Alfred McAliley a
States and Russia of the water boundary, in the treaty between the United horses and cattle for a fortnight, and Pharmacy.

They murdered Alfred McAliley a
States and Russia of the water boundary, in the treaty between the United horses and cattle for a fortnight, and Pharmacy.

States and Russia of the water boundary, in the treaty between the United horses and cattle for a fortnight, and Pharmacy.

scores of carcasses lie on the feeding-grounds. The prairie pirates select the 1867, pass unimpaired to the United States under that treaty? property of large owners who have been vigorously endeavoring to stop the stealing. Charjes Ford is here, afraid for his life to visit his ranch. The thieves are running Johnson, Natrona and Converse counties. Nearly every prominent range-owner has been warned that he will be killed if he visits the rustler district.

Built Charlet 15 Daily 10 th of 15 Fifth—Has the United States any right, and if so, what right of protection or property in the fur seals frequenting the islands of the United States in Behring sea when such seals are found outside the ordinary If the arbitrators think that the concur-rence of Great Britain is necessary to the establishment of regulations for the proper

TRIUMPH FOR AMERICAN SKILL.

determine what concurrent regulations outside the jurisdictional limits of the respective governments are necessary and over what waters such regulations should Uncle Sam Is the Possessor of the Only Satisfactory Disappearing Gun Carriage. extend. The high contracting parties also agree to co-operate in securing the adhesion of other powers to such regulations. The question of the liability of either gov-

SANDY HOOK, March 29.-The new disappearing gun carriage, which has been in position at the proving grounds since November, was to-day put through a proving test. The tests were conducted before Gen. J. M. Schofield and members of the United States Ordnance Board, and a number of ment of two commissioners by each of the high contracting parties to investigate and report facts having relation to seal life and measures necessary for its preservation. The decision is to be made within four months after the close of argument on both sides, and it is to be final. The exchange of the ratification of the treaty is to be made either at Washington or at London, within six months from its date Congressmen. The carriage was tested by its owner early in December, and a defect was found in its working. This was repaired and the owner's test proved to be satisfactory. The carriage was then turned over to the government, and to-day's tests were intended to try its powers and workings before recommending its acceptance by the government. The machine is a triumph for American skill and genius and te the first carriage of its kind that has been successful. Efforts have been made by England, Germany, France and Russia to find just such a carriage as this, but all have been unsuccessful.

The test proper began at 2 o'clock, the gun being mounted on the parapet of the old fortification, with her muzzle turned toward the light-ship. When prepared to load no part of the gun could be seen from the beach in front of the parapet, but the moment the loading was completed the sea pending arbitration proceedings. It is understood that the Cabinet, at its meeting to-day, practically agreed to accept Lord Salisbury's proposition for a renewal of last year's modus vivendi, with certain limitations as to the character of damages, machinery was set at work, and in an instant the big gun, weighing 67,000 pounds, was raised above the wall. The gun was fired with an electric primer, and the recompletion of the load position to its recovery, after reaching the fire position and dropping back, was less than half a min-ute, and it is estimated that the gun could be hoisted, fired and lowered to its original position in less than twelve seconds.

The gun used to-day was one of the new ten-inch steel rifles, and the projectiles used weighed 575 pounds. It was fired with a reduced charge. The explosion shattered most of the windows on the look. The carriage was designed by H H. Spiller, one of the designers of the Ter-ror, and was built under his direction by the South Boston iron-works. Its opera-tion is automatic. Its weight is fifty-five tons. Its main principle is compressed air, which raises and lowers the gun, and acts as a cushion for the recoil, and is used to load the piece. Its force varies from 325, when the gun is at fire, to 1,000 at the recoil

AN OLD MAN'S CRIME.

Cut His Wife's Threat from Ear to Ear and Then Slashed His Own.

RICHMOND, Mich., March 29,-A terrible tragedy occurred at the farm residence of bility. There is something unspeakably irritating," the Gazette adds, "in the Yankee blarney about the President being gratified with the present attitude of the Brit-Abraham Cooley, one and a half mile west of here, this morning. Cooley cut his wife's throat from ear to ear with a razor, and then committed suicide by drawing the blade across his throat. Both were dead when discovered a short time after the tragedy. Cooley was a wealthy man, about sixty years old; his wife about fifty. They had been married only about one year, and she was his second wife. In a letter left by Cooley explaining his rash act he says that the laws of Michigan.

which place wives at such an advantage as regards their husband's property, are responsible for his crime. He expresses a ope that God will forgive him for what he was about to do and save that his wife had robbed him of property and happiness and was about to rob his children. Cooley and his wife had a great deal of trouble since their marriage over property matters. It is said he desired Mrs. Cooley to sign away her right to his possessions that his tive sons might enjoy it all at his death. This she refused to do and rows have been frequent. This disagreement ended this morning in the double tragedy.

ernment had refused to consent to a re-newal of the modus vivendi. Sir Baden Powell had said that, in his opinion, the NO COLORED TICKET. of last year's prohibition and the 7,500 limit would be beneficial, although un-Mr. T. Thomas Fortune Does Not Indorse necessary. That policy, Mr. Lowther dethe Scheme of Mr. Vaughan. clared, was being followed, subject to the conditions considered necessary by the home government in the interest of British NEW YORK, March 29 .- The announce-

ment recently that ex-Mayor Vaughan, of Omaha, who caused to be introduced in Congress a bill for the pensioning of ex-slaves, had in contemplation a movement to place a colored presidenteal candidate in the field next fall, with Frederick Douglass at its head, created considerable talk among the colored population in this city. In connection the proposition, Mr. Thomas Fortune, one of the leading politicians of the colored race, when interviewed on the subject to-day, said: "Mr. Vaughan's proposition that Mr. Douglass should be nominated for President on a platform of which the fundamental principle is the voting of pensions to ex-slaves is remarkable, to say the least. It certainly is novel, not to say humorous, but it is something else. It shows that in more ways than one we are beginning to be a consolidated people. I have received a letter to-day from a white friend, whose name is known throughout the country, in which this paragraph oc-curs: 'It is suggested that you urge the selection of as many Afro-American dele-gates to the Republican national convention as shall properly represent the colored population of all the States North and south, and that when these delegates are chosen they shall, so far as possible, go to the convention uninstructed, and when they get there come together and agree to act and vote as a unit.' Suppose all of the Afro-American delegates in the convention, without threat or bluster, quietly and with dignity vote as a unit for Frederick Douglass and John M. Langston, of Virginia. Such action would negative the idea that the negro vote was simply for sale, as some colored delegates were charged with doing at the convention in Chicago four years ago. You can never command recognition until you demonstrate your power to nomi-nate and elect your friends and defeat your enemies. Suppose that such a ticket was placed in the field, to what extent would it draw votes from the other tickets. While Mr. Douglass is strong with his people, I do not believe, nor do other colored people believe with me, that he would receive more votes from the old line of Abolition-ists in New England and the West than he would receive from

F. M. Beard, J. S. Bitter, Noah Brandyberry, R. L. Bunyan, E. C. Carrington, C. C. Cissel, J. R. Conner, R. H. Dempsey, W. F. Dingle, C. M. Eliiott, F. L. Erlongher, J. L. Foster, S. F. Harter, J. T. Hattield, F. M. Kemper, H. G. Kiger, A. Kissell, Henry Lacy, Elias McClintock, A. H. McKee, C. H. Metts, E. L. Myers, A. S. Nelson, P. E. Powell, J. I. Slater, F. Spann, W. M. Stahl, J. W. Filman, M. H. Funk, D. Wells, E. B. Westhafer, O. E. Wilcox and J. H. Jones. he committed himself to indorse Mr. Vaughan's proposition. I think Mr. Vaughan made a mistake when he placed Mr. Douglass in nomination." Political Notes. E. B. Westhafer, O. E. Wilcox and J. H. Jones. The session will last all week and the apconvention yesterday unanimously in-dorsed Senator Quay and President Harripointments will not be read before Monday night or Tuesday morning of next week. Dr. S. A. Keen, the evangelist of the church, is attending the session and will hold a

At the Little Falls (N. Y.) charter election yesterday, Albert Storey, Republican, was elected president by 141 majority over Richard T. Anderson, Democrat.

people. I would oppose the nomina-

tion of Mr. Donglass or any other man, simply because he belongs to this race. I

think Mr. Douglass made a mistake when

The Republicans of the Sixth Kentucky congressional district held two conventions yesterday and elected two sets of delegates to Minneapolis. Both conven-tions indorsed Harrison. The Republicans yesterday carried the head of the city ticket at Yonkers, N. Y.,

electing James H. Weller Mayor by 226 majority over Frank T. Halter, Democrat, and Dennis Murphy, independent. PAIN in chest, short breath, smothering,

DEMOCRACY IS BADLY TORN UP

He and Taggart, Morss and Ball Have "Played Hob" and Set the Party by the Ears All Over Indiana.

Leading Lights on Both Sides Gather to Hold Separate and Joint Confabs.

It Looks Like War to the Knife-Matthews to Be Brought Out for Governor-Rural Press Sits on the Combine.

DEMOCRATIC CAT-FIGHT,

Cleveland and Gray Leaders in a Tarmoll-

War from Now On.

A conference was held at the Denison House vesterday among prominent Democratic politicians, the result of which will be a split in the Democratic forces in the State, and the inauguration of a bitter ante-convention fight between the two

To-day Secretary of State Claude Matthews, the "farmer" politician, will and nounce himself as a candidate for Gov-

He will represent the Gray end of Indiana Democracy, while J. Gilbert Shanklin, of Evansville, also a candidate for Governor, will represent the Cleveland strength Pusey Grav and from various parts of were called bither by telegraphic disc patches. Among those who were at the conference were Mason J. Niblack, of Vincennes; James Murdock, of Lafayette John J. Beasely, of Sullivan; Crawford Fairbanks, of Terre Haute; W. C. Hutz, of Sullivan; Eli W. Brown, editor of the

"Tom" Taggart, chairman of the State committee, was invited to attend, but after a confab with Shanklin both gentlemen decided to remain away. The Gray conference was called because of the attack made upon Gray's presidential candidacy by Shanklin in his speech before the General James Shields Irish-Americ ean Club of this city. in which he said that it was time Indiana Democracy should quit going to national conventions with "first-end pre-tensions and tail-end expectations." This made Sir Isaao very "sore," and when the two Democratic papers, the News and the Sentinel, rubbed it in on him he became furious. Consequently he had his benchmen telegraphed for, and they arrived yesterday morning to talk the matter over and try and patch up a plan of campaign of some sort, The conference had not proceeded far when and all hope of bringing the two factions together was laid on the table.

BRINGING MATTHEWS OUT. The most important result of the conference was the determination on the part of the Gray people to have "Farmer" Matthews stop toying with fate and at once come out and announce himself as & candidate for Governor, Mr. Matthews had been sent to the Winchester convention yesterday morning, by Gray, to try and manipulate it to instruct for the latter, and when he returns the announcement of the fact that he is a gubernatorial candic date will at once be made. This means that young Mason J. Niblack must be relect gated to the rear and accept "tail-end exc pectations" or nothing. In the same way Mortimer Nye, of LaPorte, will fall in bes hind Shanklin, who, by his recent declarations and manipulations (with the and advice of editors Morst Haute) has forged himself to the front as the Cleveland candidate for the governorship. This latter combination ought to be a winner in the State convene tion if the opinion of the chairman of the State committee amounts to anything. Last evening Mr. Taggart was asked if he had attended the Gray conference. He said "You know," said this oily and exceed-

ingly urbane gentleman, "that a State chairman should not mix up in such mat-"What do you think of the present situation?" he was asked.

"There is no question but that the majority of Indiana Democrats are for Cleveland. I am for Cleveland, but if the presidential nomination must come West I am for Gray. The ticket I am in favor of is Cleveland and Gray." In an interview in the News yesterday afternoon Mr. Taggart expressed himself more fully on this point, but possibly not

quite as intelligently, as is shown by the

following quotation: "I know what I am in favor of," said he, "I am in favor of giving Gray the complimentary votes at Chicago, with the understanding that when it becomes evident that Gray cannot be nominated Cleveland is to have the vote of the State. My ticket is Cleveland and Gray, and that is the ticket Indiana Democrats should work for. wish you would deny for me the statement that I made a speech at the Orange county conven-tion favoring Cleveland as against Gray. I made no such speech. What we Democrats want now is harmony. We want to let personal differences pass. We want to be for Cleveland for President.

Gray for Vice-president and Turpic for Senator. You may also say that I am in favor of the Indiana delegation going to Chicago instructed to vote for Gray for President." Although the Democrats were unusually reticent concerning the status of affairs, yesterday, it can be clearly seen that a big fight is on in the Democratic ranks, and that until the convention decides it Gray does not intend to take a back seat in accordance with the dictates of the Cleves land leaders. He, in other words, will not be satisfied with a promise of the complimentary vote of the Indiana delegation.

In line with the new phase of affairs developed yesterday is a scheme just brought to light, upon which Chairman Taggart has been working to instruct the Marion county Democratic county convention for Cleveland. With the help of local politicians an effort will be made to manipulate the convention in the interest of the Cleveland-Shanklin faction, Said a prominent Democrat, yesterday, to a Journal reporter: "The slate has been made up. It is Shanklin for Governor, John W. Kern or Alex Ayres for delegate to the national convention, John Landers for county treasurer and Mike Farrell for county commissioner."

NO QUARTER GIVEN, Last night lounging about the Bates House was a well-known Democrat, who is generally well informed. Said he to a Journal reporter: "After the Gray con-The Clearfield (Pa.) county Republican , ference was over this afternoon some of the Cleveland men were called in and a joint conference was held. The Gray people asked for a complimentary vote of the State delegation for their leader, but the Clevelandites refused to grant even that much. They said that it would be time enough to talk of a complimetary vote for Gray when it had been demonstrated in the national convention that Cleveland could not be nominated. Thus was the last

hope of a truce lost. "Another thing," continued the gentleman, "was the decision to announce Matthews as a candidate for Governor. This was not done because of any decision to combine all the interests opposed to Cleveland and throw the strength to Matthews, but to get as many candidates in the field as possible in order to sap Shanklin's